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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/681,565	10/08/2003	Michael A. Guillorn	UBAT1360-2	9447
38396 759	90 03/24/2006		EXAMINER	
JOHN BRUCKNER, P.C.			POMPEY, RON EVERETT	
5708 BACK BA AUSTIN, TX			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
11001111, 111	70737		2812	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	tion No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/681,5	10/681,565 GUILLORN ET AL.		L.			
		Examine	er	Art Unit				
		Ron E. P	ompey	2812				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communion Reply	cation appears on th	ne cover sheet w	ith the correspondence ad	idress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANSIONS OF THE MANSIO	AILING DATE OF T of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. lutory period will apply and v vill, by statute, cause the ap	'HIS COMMUNI vent, however, may a will expire SIX (6) MON polication to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this c BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>03 March 2006</i>	<b>5</b> .					
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3) 🗌	,—							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 19-36 is/are pending in the	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· · ·	Claim(s) <u>19-36</u> is/are rejected.							
-								
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 October 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any object	<u>-</u> , ,	-	* *				
441	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	•	-	• •	, ,			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. N	lote the attache	d Office Action or form Pi	10-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>							
	·	· · ·		received in this National	Stage			
* 0	application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	•		received				
`	occ the attached detailed Office action	Tion a list of the cer	uned copies not	Toocived.				
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) 🔯 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)				per No(s)/Mail Date lice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Pape	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (P10-1449 or F r No(s)/Mail Date <u>  -3-</u> 35.	10/38/00)	6) Other:		- · <b></b> /			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 19 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Guillorn et al. ("Fabrication of gated cathode structures using in situ grown vertically aligned carbon nanofiber as a field emission element", Journal of Vacuum Science Technology) in view of Spindt (US 5235244).

Guillorn discloses the limitations of:

a substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure (VACNF, fig. 1(j)) coupled to a substrate;

a dielectric coupled (SiO<sub>2</sub>, fig.1(c)) to the substrate and surrounding at least a portion of the substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure;

a gate (fig.1(h)) coupled to the dielectric, the gate including an aperture substantially aligned with the substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure;

wherein the substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure includes a vertically aligned carbon nanofiber (abstract last 2 sentences);

wherein the dielectric surrounds a single substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure (fig. 1 steps on page 574).

3. Guillorn discloses all the limitations *supra*, but does not disclose the claimed limitation(s) of:

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carbon nanostructure;

another dielectric coupled to the gate, the another dielectric including a conduit substantially aligned with the substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure; and a focusing electrode coupled to the another dielectric, the focusing electrode including another aperture substantially aligned with the substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure; wherein the dielectric, the gate, the another dielectric and the another aperture define a well that circumscribes the substantially vertically aligned

wherein the focusing electrode composes an electrostatic focusing lens;
wherein the focusing electrode includes another aperture that is substantially aligned with the aperture of the gate;

wherein the aperture is formed by chemical mechanical polishing;
wherein at least a portion of the well is formed by reactive ion etching.

However,

a. Spindt discloses the above claimed limitations regarding:

a dielectric (20, fig. 1), gate (18, fig. 1), another dielectric (32, fig. 1) and another aperture in a focusing electrode (34, fig. 1) to define a well that circumscribes the vertically aligned cathode (12, fig. 1) in column(s) 1, line(s) 53 - column(s) 2, line(s) 5.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Spindt with Guillorn, because another aperture in a focusing electrode allows for elimination of crosstalk between pixels of the device. Also, because Guillorn and Spindt form displays with the field emission devices it would be inherent that the displays will include IC and circuit boards.

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Claims 34-35 are considered to be product by process claims and only the structure limitations will be used to determine the patentably of the claims: a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re-Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17(footnote 3). See also in re Brown, 173 USPQ 685: In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324: In re Avery, 186 USPQ 116 in re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 254 does not deal with this issue); and In re Marosi et al. 218 USPQ 289 final product per se which must be determined in a "product by, all of" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear. "Even though product-by- process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based upon the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in product-byprocess claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product is made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ron E. Pompey whose telephone number is (571) 272-1680. The examiner can normally be reached on compressed.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael S. Lebentritt can be reached on (571) 272-1873. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ron Pompey

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March 19, 2006

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